#### **CLAIMS**

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1	1. <b>1.</b>	A topical clotting ointment comprising:
2		an effective amount by volume of powdered cumin; and
3		an effective amount by volume of one or more host substances selected
4	from a class	of unctuous substances that include petroleum jelly, coconut butter and
5		viscid vegetable oil.

- 2. The topical clotting ointment of claim 1 further comprising:
  an effective amount by volume of one or more antiseptics selected from
  a class of antiseptics that include zinc salts, Bacitracin®, Neomycin®, Polymyxin B
  Sulfate®, Providone® iodine, Chlorhexidine Gluconate®, Methylparaben®, Glucono
  Delta Lactone®, glycerin, hydroxyethylcellulose, sodium hydroxide, Peg-8®, and
  Peg-75®.
- 3. The topical clotting ointment of claim 1 further comprising:
  an effective amount by volume of one or more odorants selected from
  a class of odorous substances that include vanilla extract, anise powder, peppermint
  extract, menthol, rose oil, jasmine oil, pine oil, lemon oil and coconut oil.
- 4. The topical clotting ointment of claim 2 and further comprising:
  an effective amount by volume of one or more odorants selected from
  a class of odorous substances that include vanilla extract, anise powder, peppermint
  extract, menthol, rose oil, jasmine oil, pine oil, lemon oil and coconut oil.

The topical clotting ointment of claim 1 wherein:

which the effective amount of powdered cumin is ten-to-twenty-five percent by

the topical clotting ointment is a general-purpose clotting ointment in

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with the powdered cumin proximate a perforated-skin area of a patient.

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<b>10.</b>	The topical	clotting	ointment o	of claim	1 w	vherein
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the topical clotting ointment is a high-clotting ointment in which the effective amount by volume of powdered cumin is twenty-to-forty percent, the effective amount by volume of host substance is forty-to-sixty percent and the effective amount by volume of antiseptic is zero-to-ten percent.

### 11. The topical clotting ointment of claim 1 wherein:

the topical clotting ointment is an infection-specific clotting ointment in which the effective amount by volume of powdered cumin is ten-to-twenty-five percent, the effective amount by volume of host substance is twenty-to-forty percent and the effective amount by volume of the antiseptic which is infection-specific is ten-to-fifty percent.

12. A method for manufacture of a topical clotting ointment having an effective amount by volume of cumin and an effective amount by volume of one or more host substances selected from a class of unctuous substances that include petroleum jelly, coconut butter and selectively viscid vegetable oil; the method comprising the steps of:

purifying the cumin in a manner that does not destroy a bloodclotting characteristic which it contains;

selecting a host substance having unctuousness for achieving a desired hosting-conveyance objective for positioning the cumin in proximity to a skin perforation of a patient;

selecting a desired odorant;

12		mixing the cumin, the host substance, the antiseptic and the odorant;
	لمسم	mixing the culture, the nost substance, the untisoptic and the odorant,
13	and	
14		forming a predeterminedly unctuous consistency of a mix of the
15	cumin,	the host substance, the antiseptic and the odorant for the topical
16	clotting	ointment.
1	13.	The method of claim 12 and further comprising:
2		putting the topical clotting ointment in a ointment dispenser for use by
	health-care	givers and by patients.
<b></b>		
- 1 - 1 - 1	14.	The method of claim 12 wherein:
		disinfecting the cumin is by application of microwave energy and then
		disinfecting the cumin is by application of inferowave energy and then
	cooling.	
	15.	The method of claim 12 wherein:
T.		disinfecting the cumin is by soaking in a liquid germicide and then
T.	drying.	
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1	16.	The method of claim 15 wherein:
2		the liquid germicide is alcohol.
1	17.	The method of claim 12 wherein:
2		the host substance includes unctuousness that supports minute stabilized
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air bubbles by being whipped in mixture with the cumin and the antiseptic; and

4			whipping the mixture into a stabilized froth having a predetermined	
5	cons	istenc		
1		18.	The method of claim 17 wherein:	
2			the host substance includes unctuousness that supports minute stabilized	
3	wate	r parti	cles by being whipped in mixture with the cumin and the antiseptic; and	
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Ĭ	cons	istency		
		19.	The method of claim 12 wherein:	
			the host substance includes unctuousness that supports minute stabilized	
u s	water particles by being whipped in mixture with the cumin and the antiseptic; and			
			whipping the mixture into a predeterminedly stabilized water-particle	
<b>39</b>	consistency.			
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I I		20.	The method of claim 12 wherein:	
			the ointment dispenser is a squeeze tube having an airtight cap on a	
	dispe	nser n		
1		21.	The method of claim 20 wherein:	
2			the airtight cap includes tapered threading on an inside periphery of an	
3	attachment sleeve of the airtight cap; and			
4			the dispenser nozzle has an outside periphery that includes tapered	
5	threac	ling w	which matches the tapered threading on the inside periphery of the	
6	attachment sleeve of the airtight cap.			

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## 22. The method of claim 20 wherein:

the airtight cap includes non-tapered straight threading on an inside periphery of an attachment sleeve of the airtight cap;

the dispenser nozzle has an outside periphery that includes non-tapered straight threading which matches the non-tapered straight threading on the inside periphery of the attachment sleeve of the airtight cap;

the airtight cap includes a circumferential sealing surface proximate an inside end of the attachment sleeve; and

the dispenser nozzle includes a circumferential sealing tip which buttresses against the circumferential sealing surface of the airtight cap.

# 23. A topical clotting ointment comprising:

an effective amount by volume of cumin oil; and

an effective amount by volume of one or more host substances selected from a class of unctuous substances that include petroleum jelly, coconut butter and selectively viscid vegetable oil.

# 24. The topical clotting ointment of claim 23 further comprising:

- 2 an effective amount by volume of one or more antiseptics selected from
- 3 a class of antiseptics that include zinc salts, Bacitracin®, Neomycin®, Polymyxin B
- 4 Sulfate®, Providone® iodine, Chlorhexidine Gluconate®, Methylparaben®, Glucono
- 5 Delta Lactone®, glycerin, hydroxyethylcellulose, sodium hydroxide, Peg-8®, and
- 6 Peg-75<sup>®</sup>.

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1	25.	The topical clotting ointment of claim 23 and further comprising:
2		an effective amount by volume of one or more odorants selected from
3	a class of o	dorous substances that include vanilla extract, anise powder, peppermint
4	extract, me	enthol, rose oil, jasmine oil, pine oil, lemon oil and coconut oil.

- 26. The topical clotting ointment of claim 23 wherein:
- which the effective amount of cumin oil is five-to-twenty percent by volume; and the effective amount of host substance is fifty-to-seventy percent by volume.
- 27. The topical clotting ointment of claim 24 further comprising:
  the effective amount of antiseptic is five-to-twenty-five percent by volume.
- 28. The topical clotting ointment of claim 23 wherein:
  the host substance contains minute air bubbles for allowing penetration
  of blood for mixture with the cumin oil proximate a perforated-skin area of a patient.
- 1 29. The topical clotting ointment of claim 28 wherein:
  2 the host substance contains minute water particles for mixture of blood
  3 with the cumin oil proximate a perforated-skin area of a patient.
- 1 30. The topical clotting ointment of claim 23 wherein:
  2 the host substance contains minute water particles for mixture of blood
  3 with the cumin oil proximate a perforated-skin area of a patient.

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### 31. The topical clotting ointment of claim 23 wherein:

the topical clotting ointment is a high-clotting ointment in which the effective amount by volume of cumin oil is ten-to-twenty-five percent, the effective amount by volume of host substance is forty-to-sixty percent and the effective amount by volume of antiseptic is zero-to-ten percent.

### 32. The topical clotting ointment of claim 23 wherein:

the topical clotting ointment is an infection-specific clotting ointment in which the effective amount by volume of cumin oil is five-to-twenty percent, the effective amount by volume of host substance is twenty-to-forty percent and the effective amount by volume of the antiseptic which is infection-specific is ten-to-fifty percent.

**INVENTOR** 

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